



How to Employ Compression with Datacom and Presspack

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Abstract

Guidelines and best practices on how to roll out data compression within your environment leveraging Online Compression.

This session will also highlight benchmark performance numbers on savings to DASD, IO and CPU.



Agenda

- New Online Compress ability – TA24
- Demo of Online Compress
- What are the benefits of compression?
- Benchmark in our lab
- Summary of findings



New Online Compress ability – TA24

- Provides the user the ability to alter a table's compression algorithm without interrupting data access
- Avoids a costly data access outage to implement or change compression
- Compression/Decompression activity runs in background in MUF
- Fully restart-able across failures (lack of space, MUF or LPAR)
 - The partially compressed data remains accessible
 - Once the failure issue is resolved, the Online Compress will be restarted and run to completion
- Process can be stopped (REQABORT)
 - Allows user to reverse or change compression setting
 - New process will run to completion and reset all rows to new selection



New Online Compress – Data Blocks

- When decompressing a table
 - Rows may grow and additional data blocks will be used
- When compressing a table
 - Rows will shrink making more space available in each data block
 - Space immediately available for use by new requests
- To complete the process a online reorganization is recommended
 - OLREORG REFGROUP=0 provides best result (DSOP 4/5)
 - May require a data area extension if not enough empty blocks to get rolling
 - OLREORG REFGROUP=2+ provides good result (DSOP 1/2)
 - Will not make the data as dense as REFGROUP=0
 - May require multiple executions



Demo of Online Compress

- Sample table contains 1 million rows from NYC property records
- Rows by default are fixed length (uncompressed)
- The table is loaded densely
- Uncompressed data rows fill 62K data blocks
- After executing TA24 to compress using Presspack Strong
 - 62K data blocks are still in use but each block has significant free space
- After OLREORG REFGROUP=00 data blocks in-use is reduced to 24.5K data blocks (60% reduction)
- Processing (Buffer reuse) significantly improves



DBUTLTY DATASP Report (Before TA24)

- DATASP shows data blocks, data bytes and data rows “IN-USE”

```
Base: 400 ***** Directory: QAMUF4
```

AREA	UNC	BLKSIZE	4,096	TRACKS	5,250	BLOCKS	63,000	URI	YES	DSOP	4	RANDOM	FOR	OLREORG
------	-----	---------	-------	--------	-------	--------	--------	-----	-----	------	---	--------	-----	---------

TBL	CMP	USER	COMPRESSION	RECLN	RECORDS
UNC				237	1,048,576

GROUP#	BLOCKS		KBYTES		ROWS	FREESP	ROWS	ROWLEN	FREESPACE IN BLOCKS			
	IN-USE	%	IN-USE	%	IN-USE	MAX	MAX	MAX	0 TO 1/4K	1/2K	1K	2K
	EMPTY	%	EMPTY	%	DELETED	MIN	MIN	MIN	3K	4K	8K	12K
					*AVAIL	AVG	AVG	AVG	16K	20K	24K	32K
TOTALS	61,683	99	242,809	98	1,048,576	4,094	17	237	61,680	1	0	0
	526	1	6,019	2	0	65	0	237	0	526	0	0
					8,943	99	17	237	0	0	0	0



Read next program

- Batch program used to read sequentially through the database
 - Reads each row once by master key (data rows not in order)
- Program is executed 3 times
- MUF statistics collected for each run (no other work)
 - Statistics are consistent for each run



Read next batch before TA24

- Execute read next program

TABLE/AREA	REQUESTS	I/O EVENTS - READS	I/O EVENTS - WRITES	LOGICAL READS	LOGICAL WRITES
CXX	0	206	23	865	38
FXX	0	18	17	18	0
LXX	0	3	12	3	4
IXX00006	0	0	0	4	0
IXX00017	0	0	0	8	0
TTM00017	1	0	0	2	3
IXX00500	0	2,553	0	1,051,129	0
UNC00500	1,048,577	68,887	0	1,048,578	0
CBS01006	0	2	0	2	0
IXX01006	0	8	0	9	0
ADS01007	9	0	0	0	0
A0101007	0	3	1	8	3
A0201007	0	6	0	6	0
IXX01007	0	12	0	14	0
SPL01007	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1,048,587	71,698	53	2,100,646	48



Enabling TA24 in environment (CXX)

- Execute a simple DBUTLTY CXXMAINT function to allow the online compression function
 - Once per CXX

```
//*****  
//TA24ON    EXEC PGM=DBUTLTY,REGION=0M  
//SYSIN DD  *  
CXXMAINT OPTION=ALTER,OPTION2=Y_ALLOW_TA24  
/*
```



Use DDUPDATE to update Datadictionary and trigger Online Compression

- Using DDUPDATE ensures Datadictionary and CXX remain in synch
- Use standard compression keywords

```
//DDUPDATE EXEC DDUPDATE,REGION=4M  
//SYSIN      DD *  
-USR  DATACOM-INSTALL,NEWUSER  
-UPD  TABLE,UNCOMPRESS (PROD)  
1000  ALTER  
1500  COMPRESS-EXIT,PRESSPAK  
1500  ENCRYPTION-KEY,STRONG  
-END
```



Online Compression triggers TA24 activity in MUF

- 1 Million rows compressed in 2 minutes (elapsed)

```
DSNZMUF# STC01849 EXECUTE JESMSG LG JES2 CA31
-----
30...+....40...+....50...+....60...+....70...+....80...+....90...+....100...+....110...+....120...+....1|0.
MUF#1:DB00903I - OPENED, BASE - 500
MUF#1:DB02823I - TABLE ALTER 24X7 500 UNC STATUS ACCEPTED TRANSITION COMPRESSION
MUF#1:DB02823I - TABLE ALTER 24X7 500 UNC STATUS ALTERING COMPRESS NONE TO PRESSPAK (STRONG)
MUF#1:DB02823I - TABLE ALTER 24X7 500 UNC STATUS STARTED
MUF#1:DB08002I - CA Datacom Presspack Version 15.0
MUF#1:DB00102I - ENDED JOB-$5ONLCMP NUMBER-27390
MUF#1:DB02824I - TABLE ALTER 24X7 500 UNC ALTERED ROW 1 OF ABOUT 1,048,576
MUF#1:DB00133I - JOB OPEN $5ONLCMP 27391 EATKE01 JOB01851
MUF#1:DB00102I - ENDED JOB-$5ONLCMP NUMBER-27391
MUF#1:DB02824I - TABLE ALTER 24X7 500 UNC ALTERED ROW 1,048,576 OF ABOUT 1,048,576
MUF#1:DB02823I - TABLE ALTER 24X7 500 UNC STATUS COMPLETE
MUF#1:DB01311I - STATUS TA24
MUF#1:DB01325I - CONSOLE COMPLETE, STATUS TA24
MUF#1:DB00813I - ELAPSED SECONDS 120 CPU SECONDS 5.81
MUF#1:DB00814I - RQ/E 2 RD/E 218 WR/E 173 IX/E 3029 DX/E 11352 DT/E 17478
MUF#1:DB00815I - RQ/C 43 RD/C 4521 WR/C 3574 IX/C 62574 DX/C 234485 DT/C 360997
MUF#1:DB00816I - RQ 253 RD 26270 WR 20767 IX 363555 DX 1362358 DT 2097398
MUF#1:DB01311I - STATUS
MUF#1:DB01327I - MULTI-USER AVAILABLE, TASKS - ATTACHED----0, AVAILABLE--2000 04/14/16 12:45:26
```



DBUTLTY DATASP Report after TA24

- DATASP shows same number of blocks and rows IN-USE
 - But previous 242K bytes now stored in 97K bytes (60% reduction)

```
Base: 400 ***** Directory: QAMUF4
AREA UNC BLKSIZE 4,096 TRACKS 5,250 BLOCKS 63,000 URI YES DSOP 4 RANDOM FOR OLREORG

TBL CMP USER COMPRESSION RECLN RECORDS
UNC PRESSPAK STRONG 237 1,048,576

GROUP# BLOCKS KBYTES ROWS FREESP ROWS ROWLEN ----- FREESPACE IN BLOCKS -----
        IN-USE % IN-USE % IN-USE MAX MAX MAX 0 TO 1/4K 1/2K 1K 2K
        EMPTY % EMPTY % DELETED MIN MIN MIN 3K 4K 8K 12K
        *AVAIL AVG AVG AVG 16K 20K 24K 32K

TOTALS 61,683 99 97,225 39 1,048,576 4,094 17 123 0 0 0 0
        526 1 151,603 61 0 2,139 0 54 61,681 526 0 0
        1,612,072 2,496 17 95 0 0 0 0
```



Read next batch after TA24 but before OLREOG

- Execute same batch program, IO processing the same

TABLE/AREA	REQUESTS	I/O EVENTS - READS	I/O EVENTS - WRITES	LOGICAL READS	LOGICAL WRITES
CXX	0	206	23	865	38
FXX	0	18	17	18	0
LXX	0	3	12	3	4
IXX00006	0	0	0	4	0
IXX00017	0	0	0	8	0
TTM00017	1	0	0	2	3
IXX00500	0	2,553	0	1,051,129	0
UNC00500	1,048,577	68,887	0	1,048,578	0
CBS01006	0	2	0	2	0
IXX01006	0	8	0	9	0
ADS01007	9	0	0	0	0
A0101007	0	3	1	8	3
A0201007	0	6	0	6	0
IXX01007	0	12	0	14	0
SPL01007	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1,048,587	71,698	53	2,100,646	48



DBUTLTY OLREORG REFGROUP=0

- OLREORG TABLE=UNC,DBID=0500,REFGROUP=0
- Takes about 5 minutes (elapsed)

```
- STARTING FUNCTION - OLREORG TABLE=UNC,DBID=0500,REFGROUP=0
- PARM PGMDT=20010901, DBUT6PR 2016/01/14-1532 15.0      RO87686
MUF#1:DB00135I - CONNECT TO DSNZMUF#          MUF#1      STC02338 CA31      M-15.0 I-15.0 0001
MUF#1:DB00101I - STARTED JOB-$4ONLORG NUMBER-27589 CXX=QAMUF#  MUFNAME=MUF#1
- OLREORG BASE 500 TABLE UNC ROW 490,994 OF ABOUT 1,048,576  ROWS MOVED 463,460
- OLREORG BASE 500 TABLE UNC ROW 992,119 OF ABOUT 1,048,576  ROWS MOVED 931,799
MUF#1:DB00136I - DISCONNECT DSNZMUF#          MUF#1      STC02338 CA31      M-15.0 I-15.0 0001
```



DBUTLTY DATASP Report after TA24 plus OLREORG

- DATASP shows number of blocks in use dropped dramatically – free space blocks now available (reduced by 60%)

Base: 400 ***** Directory: QAMUF4

AREA UNC BLKSIZE 4,096 TRACKS 5,250 BLOCKS 63,000 URI YES DSOP 4 RANDOM FOR OLREORG

TBL CMP USER COMPRESSION RECLN RECORDS
UNC PRESSPAK STRONG 237 1,048,576

GROUP#	BLOCKS		KBYTES		ROWS IN-USE	FREESP MAX	ROWS MAX	ROWLEN MAX	----- FREESPACE IN BLOCKS -----			
	IN-USE	%	IN-USE	%					0 TO 1/4K	1/2K	1K	2K
	EMPTY	%	EMPTY	%					3K	4K	8K	12K
									*AVAIL	AVG	16K	20K
TOTALS	24,574	40	97,225	39	1,048,576	4,094	73	123	24,571	0	0	0
	37,635	60	151,603	61	0	0	0	54	1	37,635	0	0
					1,587,330	2,496	17	95	0	0	0	0



Batch Read next after OLREORG results

- Execute same batch program
 - IXX IO the same, Data IO dropped from 68,887 to 24,676 (74% reduction)

TABLE/AREA	REQUESTS	I/O EVENTS - READS	I/O EVENTS - WRITES	LOGICAL READS	LOGICAL WRITES
CXX	0	206	23	865	38
FXX	0	18	17	18	0
LXX	0	3	12	3	4
IXX00006	0	0	0	4	0
IXX00017	0	0	0	8	0
TTM00017	1	0	0	2	3
IXX00500	0	2,553	0	1,051,129	0
UNC00500	1,048,577	24,676	0	1,048,578	0
CBS01006	0	2	0	2	0
IXX01006	0	8	0	9	0
ADS01007	9	0	0	0	0
A0101007	0	3	1	8	3
A0201007	0	6	0	6	0
IXX01007	0	12	0	14	0
SPL01007	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1,048,587	27,487	53	2,100,646	48



Any Questions on
TA24 before we
look at some
benchmark
information?



What are the benefits of compression?

- A compressed data block typically has significantly more rows which means
 - Less blocks on DASD to store the same rows
 - Multiplied by number of “copies” of the data – PROD/QA/TEST
 - Better data buffer reuse which reduces IO and improves performance
 - Less memory required to MRDF COVER tables
 - Less log space used per update when LOG_RECORD_USER_CMPRS YES
 - Quicker utility processing for backups and loads (less IO)
- Some other benefits include
 - Can make data less “readable” by non Datacom utilities like TSO Browse
 - Slowing DASD growth and multiple extent management



What are the costs of compression?

TA24 X Requires a data access outage to implement

TA24 X Not easily removed or changed

TA24 X Hard to switch from one vendor to another

zIIP X Uses expensive general purpose processor (GP CPU) instructions to save cheap DASD



Using zIIP for compression

- zIIP processors can be used for in-memory processing
- zIIP processors cannot be used for physical IOs
- zIIP processors can only be used for code you own
 - Cannot be used to process imbedded user/vendor code
 - Example: Non-CA compression code imbedded in MUF
- zIIP to tip the balance “for” using compression
 - Saves DASD, memory and IOs
 - Trades GP CPU used to do IOs for zIIP CPU used to do compression



Benchmark in our lab

- New z13 processor
 - Multiple GPs and zIIPs lightly loaded – should not have contention
- Using the same NYC table mentioned above
- Build 5 versions of the table, each there own database to isolate activity (including IXX activity)
 - Uncompressed
 - DB Compressed
 - Presspack Weak
 - Presspack Strong
 - Presspack Custom



Benchmark in our lab (cont'd)

- Repeatable process
 - MASSADD rows using 10 concurrent tasks (data not in order)
 - READ sequentially using 10 concurrent tasks and 4 different key paths
 - UPDATE
 - Use same sequential READ programs
 - Use a second request area to read and update 1 in 10 rows
 - Use special update mask to pick rows so there is no possibility of an update collision
 - No locking or waits
 - No DELETE processing
 - Typically a small part of MUF processing
 - Would be “all good” with IO savings and no compression/decompression processing



Benchmark in our lab (cont'd)

- Use small SRB/zIIP tasking
 - Demonstrate savings in minimal number of processors
 - SMPTASK 2,2,4,SRB
- 3 buffer/MRDF settings
 - Small buffers
 - Large buffers
 - Large buffers with covered databases
- Repeated multiple times to ensure consistency



CPU/IO consumption

MASSADD 1M rows

Small
buffers

	JARS	Billable			
Base	Elapsed	Total CPU	LXX	IXX	Data
UNC	00:01:53.51 *	00:00:05.98 *	31,144	305,420	11,164
DBC	00:01:58.00 *	00:00:05.73 *	29,886	297,412	6,770
PWC	00:01:37.64 *	00:00:05.58 *	30,559	294,682	6,855
PSC	00:01:19.63 *	00:00:05.61 *	29,967	307,856	5,021
PCC	00:01:12.39 *	00:00:05.48 *	27,709	296,417	4,738

- Small savings in Elapsed and billable CPU, good reduction in IO
- Typically a small part of processing



CPU/IO consumption

READ 10-UP 1M rows each

Small
buffers

	JARS	Billable			
Base	Elapsed	Total CPU	LXX	IXX	Data
UNC	00:05:38.82 *	00:00:20.47 *	20	16,796	1,621,985
DBC	00:04:12.57 *	00:00:16.68 *	20	16,880	1,191,894
PWC	00:03:54.57 *	00:00:18.31 *	20	16,817	1,328,618
PSC	00:03:27.02 *	00:00:16.28 *	20	20,666	1,118,444
PCC	00:03:44.61 *	00:00:18.14 *	20	20,854	1,329,996

Large
Buffers

	JARS	Billable			
Base	Elapsed	Total CPU	LXX	IXX	Data
UNC	00:04:48.63 *	00:00:19.90 *	20	14,938	1,326,335
DBC	00:03:42.48 *	00:00:15.34 *	20	15,051	899,087
PWC	00:03:14.20 *	00:00:15.70 *	20	14,959	924,237
PSC	00:02:10.02 *	00:00:10.70 *	20	14,994	562,638
PCC	00:02:06.09 *	00:00:08.45 *	20	14,985	402,835

- Significant savings in Elapsed and billable CPU, good reduction in IO
- Typically the largest part of MUF processing (85%)



CPU/IO consumption

READ 10-UP 1M rows each (cont'd)

MRDF

	JARS	Billable			
Base	Elapsed	Total CPU	LXX	IXX	Data
UNC	00:01:49.89 *	00:00:03.79 *	20	14,846	58,826
DBC	00:01:25.45 *	00:00:03.33 *	20	14,946	33,498
PWC	00:01:17.64 *	00:00:03.09 *	20	14,865	33,994
PSC	00:01:08.34 *	00:00:02.69 *	20	14,901	23,423
PCC	00:01:10.44 *	00:00:02.47 *	20	14,890	21,797

- Savings in Elapsed and billable CPU
 - Good reduction in IO even when dataset in MRDF



CPU/IO consumption

UPDATE 10-UP 100K of 1M rows updated

Small
buffers
forced
expands

	JARS	Billable			
Base	Elapsed	Total CPU	LXX	IXX	Data
UNC	00:05:54.70 *	00:00:36.89 *	37,337	25,119	2,796,153
DBC	00:09:51.88 *	00:00:45.82 *	49,818	105,093	2,982,844
PWC	00:10:57.89 *	00:00:43.99 *	48,909	100,899	2,917,078
PSC	00:09:01.55 *	00:00:36.18 *	42,148	97,042	2,278,513
PCC	00:08:31.40 *	00:00:36.86 *	44,914	116,397	2,288,547

Small
buffers
no
expands

	JARS	Billable			
Base	Elapsed	Total CPU	LXX	IXX	Data
UNC	00:07:20.70 *	00:00:34.83 *	35,065	23,108	2,440,203
DBC	00:06:41.56 *	00:00:32.05 *	32,667	28,549	2,170,885
PWC	00:05:22.23 *	00:00:34.28 *	40,860	23,930	2,449,149
PSC	00:05:05.68 *	00:00:33.99 *	38,458	32,095	2,321,709
PCC	00:04:27.96 *	00:00:31.06 *	37,592	31,186	2,221,882

- Savings fluctuates depending on amount of expansions triggered by update
- Typically the 2nd largest part of MUF processing (10%)



CPU/IO consumption

UPDATE 10-UP 100K of 1M updated (cont'd)

Large
buffers
no
expands

	JARS	Billable			
Base	Elapsed	Total CPU	LXX	IXX	Data
UNC	00:04:14.99 *	00:00:37.67 *	21,098	14,846	2,692,077
DBC	00:03:26.08 *	00:00:21.21 *	12,499	14,945	1,221,391
PWC	00:03:35.76 *	00:00:23.96 *	14,277	14,864	1,403,587
PSC	00:02:40.08 *	00:00:15.76 *	9,506	14,901	766,733
PCC	00:02:57.00 *	00:00:17.24 *	10,456	14,889	864,681

MRDF
no
expands

	JARS	Billable			
Base	Elapsed	Total CPU	LXX	IXX	Data
UNC	00:01:45.61 *	00:00:06.00 *	15,209	14,846	93,397
DBC	00:01:37.10 *	00:00:05.10 *	11,269	14,945	54,322
PWC	00:01:34.95 *	00:00:04.71 *	12,000	14,864	57,050
PSC	00:01:15.93 *	00:00:04.26 *	12,593	14,901	44,278
PCC	00:01:16.28 *	00:00:03.98 *	12,646	14,889	42,473

- Savings significant with large buffers and MRDF (no expansions)
- Typically the 2nd largest part of MUF processing (10%)



What if there is no zIIP processor

READ 10-UP 1M rows each

Small
buffers

	JARS	Billable			
Base	Elapsed	Total CPU	LXX	IXX	Data
UNC	00:06:21.78 *	00:00:43.94 *	20	18,375	1,673,276
DBC	00:04:00.78 *	00:00:40.41 *	20	22,203	1,041,159
PWC	00:07:00.70 *	00:00:51.85 *	20	18,239	1,373,905
PSC	00:07:52.50 *	00:00:47.88 *	20	14,762	850,822
PCC	00:10:53.46 *	00:00:57.46 *	20	18,220	1,000,476

Large
Buffers

	JARS	Billable			
Base	Elapsed	Total CPU	LXX	IXX	Data
UNC	00:01:33.65 *	00:00:20.58 *	11,733	60,471	10,041
DBC	00:01:37.63 *	00:00:19.42 *	12,702	60,254	6,139
PWC	00:01:30.11 *	00:00:22.92 *	12,807	60,143	6,215
PSC	00:01:05.90 *	00:00:20.76 *	12,880	60,089	4,587
PCC	00:01:09.90 *	00:00:21.07 *	12,655	59,973	4,337

- Savings depends on good reduction in IO
- May or may not be “worth it”



What if there is a 3rd party compression

MRDF
w/Presspack

	JARS	Billable			
Base	Elapsed	Total CPU	LXX	IXX	Data
UNC	00:01:25.79 *	00:00:07.44 *	20	14,819	58,826
DBC	00:01:12.81 *	00:00:06.96 *	20	14,807	33,497
PWC	00:01:23.17 *	00:00:06.36 *	20	14,728	33,989
PSC	00:01:11.49 *	00:00:05.37 *	20	14,749	23,424
PCC	00:01:27.86 *	00:00:03.62 *	20	14,710	21,796

MRDF w/3rd
party JOEPACK

	JARS	Billable			
Base	Elapsed	Total CPU	LXX	IXX	Data
UNC	00:01:18.68 *	00:00:07.47 *	20	14,819	58,826
DBC	00:02:12.50 *	00:00:06.73 *	20	14,807	33,497
PWC	00:03:27.58 *	00:00:46.22 *	20	14,728	33,989
PSC	00:03:32.58 *	00:00:53.67 *	20	14,749	23,424
PCC	00:05:30.92 *	00:00:50.64 *	20	14,710	21,796

Do not use 3rd party
compression and
SMPTASK x,x,x,SRB (zIIP)

- Same exact work – same performance for UNC and DBC
- JOEPACK causes swapping between SRB (normal) and TCB (compression)
 - 10x worse performance



Summary

- Online Compression (TA24) removes several of the key drawbacks of compression, now
 - No longer requires a data access outage to implement
 - Can be easily removed or changed
 - Easily switch from 3rd party vendor to CA
- When compression (Presspack) combined with zIIP (SRB) processing, the TCO tips in favor of Presspack (CA) compression
 - Uses cheaper zIIP (CPU) instructions and saves DASD, IO and memory



One extra benefit – Presspack Strong compression can make data unreadable to external tools

Readable

Uncompressed

```
BROWSE DCMQA.QAMUF4.UNC0400
Command ==>
***** Top of Data
CA-DATACOM/DB/UNC00400      UNC.°.....QAMUF4 Q
. .0.....1 Manhattan    0027000032001086599
. .0.....1 Manhattan    0067500036001086683
. .0.....ã.....1 Manhattan 0107400063001086802
```

Unreadable

DB

```
BROWSE DCMQA.QAMUF4.DBC0401
Command ==>
***** Top of Data
CA-DATACOM/DB/DBC00401      DBC.j.....QAMUF4 Q
... ..1 Manhattan-.0027t.32001086599ÿÿD;ÿG.BL.NULLQy.2375.â..
... â.....È.....1 Manhattan-.01484t.1001086896ÿÿD;ÿG.BL.NULLQx.38405.ä.
...%.....t...Ñ.1 Manhattan-.27u.322001799322ÿÿD.100478t.1IRT-1-2-3-14
```

Presspack Strong

```
BROWSE DCMQA.QAMUF4.PSC0403
Command ==>
***** Top of Data
CA-DATACOM/DB/PSC00403      PSC.l.....QAMUF4 Q
.....ÂE.Î7ak15i.$h«Ç@+.7çøý.NF²ág÷0TgF³TEZ'OTôCÊHx.....
.....I...â|E.Î7ak15i.$h«Ç@+.5.ï...ÍÉ¾â÷8@÷1'½1:?$½30M..=.....I..
...è.....?...'5E.Î7ak15i.$h«Ç@+.-ø¥iùçá.q=.Ï.ø$6`]PÔ[oÓ$ÏB"".â:TIYTe/x
```

Presspack Weak

```
BROWSE DCMQA.QAMUF4.PWC0402
Command ==>
***** Top of Data
CA-DATACOM/DB/PWC00402      PWC.k.....QAMUF4 Q
... â.....Â$.1~.Manhattan;A.27C.32A.1086599µ.-µ..B·.NULL¾H.2375.ä.
... à.....+.....>$..1~.Manhattan;01474C.7A.1086895µ.-µ..B·.NULL¾G.38312.ä.
...:.....Å...Ç÷$.1~.Manhattan;27D.161A.1799161µ..1A.476C.1IND-A-B-C-D
```

Presspack Custom

```
BROWSE DCMQA.QAMUF4.PCC0404
Command ==>
***** Top of Data
CA-DATACOM/DB/PCC00404      PCC.m.....QAMUF4 Q
.....Â..=ÏëÖ.....Û$2ÍÛ.S.1·Û1ÃyIpy.%øÏ.....Ñ..=ÏëÖ..3c.
... ç.â.....5...íN..=ÏëÖ.};í.ªª.Ô8ËC9íðÊÂ.i.f.ª¾.Cÿ.ªð÷.¯N..ûi÷Ûó÷[...4.à.
... ..5...ð0..=ÏëÖ.};ðI2Ñ.xg.$Ët.e;B.°.-ðivÀzä...><07¶ªð÷.¯N..ûiSû°
```



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